PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Prosper Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Collii</u> Coun		O43-912 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the a	ttached annual financial i	eports of the abo	ve-named school district were
reviewed and (check one)	approved disap	proved for the ye	ar ended August 31, 2016 at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of su	ich school district on the	<u>14th</u> day of	December , 2016.
Signature of Board Secretary		Signature of Boa	rd President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved (attach list as necessary)	of the auditors' report, the	e reason(s) for dis	approving it is(are):

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information, Supplementary Information, and Other Information

Independent Auditor's Report

Prosper Independent School District 605 East 7th Street Prosper, Texas 75078

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Independent School District as of August 31, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6-10 and the Schedules contained in Exhibits G-1, G-2, & G-3 on pages 52-55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We

have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Prosper Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds contained in Exhibits H-1 & H-2 on pages 58-65, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, on page 81 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1, J-2, & J-3. We have applied certain limited procedures to this supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted on inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 26, 2016 on our consideration of Prosper Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Prosper Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Morgan, Davis, & Coupery, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

November 26, 2016

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administrators of Prosper Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- · The District's total combined net position increased by \$7,463,517 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's liabilities exceeded its assets at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$23,473,182) which represents the District's total combined net position. Of this amount, \$37,067,227 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations and (\$69,150,665) represents a negative equity in investment in capital assets net of related debt.
- As of August 31, 2016, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$100,052,416 compared to \$54,232,368 for the last fiscal year. Included in this fiscal year fund balance is \$44,061,107 of unspend bond proceeds held in the Bond Construction Funds. The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$46,310,569 this fiscal year compared to \$42,432,534 the last fiscal year.
- The District's total tax rate for the 2015-2016 school year was \$ 1.67 with \$ 1.17 for maintenance & operation and \$ 0.50 for debt service.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 14) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 26) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by T.E.A. The section labeled Required Texas Education Agency Schedules contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities of from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one kind of activity:

Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the ESEA Title I Part A from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds (a category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 25. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District is presenting government-wide financial analysis in the form of current year data and prior year data and the changes in these accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from (\$30,936,699) last year to (\$23,473,182) at August 31, 2016. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased from \$36,168,337 last year to \$40,999,005 at August 31, 2016.

Changes in net position of the District's governmental activities were a \$5,962,962 decrease last year compared to a \$7,463,517 increase at August 31, 2016.

Table I
Prosper Independent School District
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 8/31/2016	Governmental Activities 8/31/2015	Net Change
Current and other assets	\$120,886,919	\$61,375,143	\$59,511,776
Capital assets	273,795,545	238,708,837	35,086,708
Total assets	\$394,682,464	\$300,083,980	\$94,598,484
Deferred Outflows	\$7,162,702	\$1,917,985	\$5,244,717
Current and other liabilities	\$19,762,289	\$5,721,056	\$14,041,233
Long-term liabilities	390,638,571	318,479,722	72,158,849
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	13,884,286	6,691,068	7,193,218
Total liabilities	\$424,285,146	\$330,891,846	\$93,393,300
Deferred Inflows	\$1,033,202	\$2,046,818	(\$1,013,616)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(\$69,150,665)	(\$68,483,755)	(\$666,910)
Restricted	4,678,478	1,378,719	3,299,759
Unrestricted	40,999,005	36,168,337	4,830,668
Total Net Position	(\$23,473,182)	(\$30,936,699)	\$7,463,517

Table II
Prosper Independent School District
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 8/31/2016	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 8/31/2015	Net Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:		D 4 55 4 50 1	\$550.600
Charges for Services	\$5,105,413	\$4,554,721	\$550,692
Operating grants and contributions	6,204,810	3,846,336	2,358,474
General Revenues:		25 296 262	9,624,155
Maintenance and operations taxes	45,010,417	35,386,262	•
Debt service taxes	19,235,111	15,122,248	4,112,863
State aid - formula grants	27,056,468	25,849,000	1,207,468
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific functions	366,575	14,814	351,761
Investment Earnings	442,160	215,566	226,594
Miscellaneous	6,192,493	7,695,695	(1,503,202)
Total Revenue	\$109,613,447	\$92,684,642	\$16,928,805
Expenses:		* 12 201 072	010.052.761
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$53,645,724	\$43,391,963	\$10,253,761
Instructional and school leadership	4,596,693	3,888,946	707,747
Student support services	6,957,820	6,214,011	743,809
Child nutrition	3,957,020	2,852,388	1,104,632
Co curricular activities	3,380,066	2,884,247	495,819
General administration	2,165,367	1,794,912	370,455
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	10,663,728	8,439,240	2,224,488
Community services	3,559	5,418	(1,859)
Debt services	16,393,146	29,583,063	(13,189,917)
Other intergovernmental charges	386,807	303,732	83,075
Total Expenses	\$102,149,930	\$99,357,920	\$2,792,010
Increase in net position before transfers and special items	\$7,463,517	(\$6,673,278)	\$14,136,795
Transfers	0	0	0
Special Items-Gain on Asset Sale	0	710,316	(710,316)
Net Position at Beginning of Fiscal Year	(30,936,699)		(13,543,970)
Prior Period Adjustment-Required by GASB 68	0	(7,581,008)	7,581,008
Net Position at End of Fiscal Year	(\$23,473,182)	(\$30,936,699)	\$7,463,517

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in Exhibit C-3 on page 18) reported a combined fund balance of \$100,052,416 compared to \$54,232,368 for the last fiscal year. The District's General Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$3,878,035, ending the year with \$46,310,569. The District's Special Revenue Funds reported a fund balance increase of \$105,129, ending the year with \$766,304. The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$3,359,323, ending the year with \$3,541,552. The District's Capital Projects Funds reported a fund balance increase of \$3,199,694, ending the year with \$12,366,764. The District's Bond Construction Funds reported a fund balance increase of \$35,277,867, ending the year with \$37,067,227.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2015) and amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the year ended August 31, 2016, the District invested \$45,711,842 in capital assets, consisting of land purchased, construction in progress for two new elementary campuses, miscellaneous facility improvements, technology, miscellaneous equipment, a truck, eight vehicles, and ten school buses.

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
v ,	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Retirements	Balance
Land	\$12,930,006	\$892,477	\$0	\$13,822,483
Buildings & Improvements	232,633,488	20,853,821	0	253,487,309
Equipment	26,417,584	5,738,768	0	32,156,352
Vehicles	13,360,006	1,322,197	0	14,682,203
Consruction in Progress	20,846,785	16,904,579	0	37,751,364
Totals at Historical Cost	306,187,869	45,711,842	0	351,899,711
Less accumulated depreciation for:				551,055,711
Buildings & Improvements	(48,218,531)	(6,270,864)	0	(54,489,395)
Equipment	(14,536,891)	(2,941,189)	0	(17,478,080)
Vehicles	(4,723,610)	(1,413,081)	0	(6,136,691)
Total accumulated depreciation	(67,479,032)	(10,625,134)	0	(78,104,166)
Capital Assets, Net	\$238,708,837	\$35,086,708	\$0	\$273,795,545

Debt:

At year-end August 31, 2016, the District had \$382,743,571 outstanding in bonds compared to \$310,019,721 last year. Also, the District had \$7,895,000 outstanding in loans compared to \$8,460,000 last year. During the current fiscal year, the District issued Series 2016 bonds totaling \$68,465,000 to finance facilities construction and furnishings. The new bonds are payable over the next 30 years at 2.00-5.00% interest.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2016 budget, and tax rates. Several of those factors were the economy, the District's population growth, and unemployment. These factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2016. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$26,415,569. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2016 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Prosper Independent School District, 605 East 7th Street, Prosper, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control	Primary Governmen Governmental		
Codes			
	Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 26,195,184		
1120 Current Investments	90,519,731		
1220 Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	2,098,491		
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(12,539)		
1240 Due from Other Governments	2,086,052		
Capital Assets:	2,080,032		
1510 Land	12 922 492		
1520 Buildings, Net	13,822,483 198,997,914		
1530 Equipment, Net			
1540 Vehicles, Net	14,678,272		
1580 Construction in Progress	8,545,512 37,751,364		
1000 Total Assets	37,751,364		
DETERDED OF THE ONE OF THE	394,682,464		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS			
Boteffed Outflow Related to TRS	7,162,702		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	7,162,702		
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	2,006,364		
2140 Interest Payable	757,932		
Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	441,028		
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	2,963,866		
Due to Other Governments	12,687,568		
2200 Accrued Expenses	57,461		
Unearned Revenue	848,070		
Noncurrent Liabilities	040,070		
Due Within One Year	2.162.050		
Due in More Than One Year	3,162,050		
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	387,476,521		
000 Total Liabilities	13,884,286		
DEPENDED INITIONS OF PECOND OF	424,285,146		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	·		
Botoffed Inflow Related to TRS	1,033,202		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,033,202		
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(60.180.55)		
Restricted for Federal and State Programs	(69,150,665)		
Restricted for Debt Service	225,276		
Restricted for Campus Activities	3,912,174		
Unrestricted	541,028		
Total Net Position	40,999,005		
- Star Frot F OSHIOII	\$ (23,473,182)		

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

D. (-					Program R	evenues		Position
Data			1		3	4		6
Control Codes					Charges for	Operating Grants and	_	Primary Gov. Governmental
			Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:								
•								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: 11 Instruction		\$	50,006,285	\$	465,051	\$ 4,598,911	\$	(44,942,323)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Service	es	Ψ	1,067,150		, <u>.</u>	55,211		(1,011,939)
13 Curriculum and Staff Development	, C		2,572,289		-	93,270		(2,479,019)
21 Instructional Leadership			616,107		_	32,647		(583,460)
23 School Leadership			3,980,586		-	223,641		(3,756,945)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Ser	rvices		1,509,162		_	78,663		(1,430,499)
33 Health Services	111003		649,557		-	31,498		(618,059)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	-		4,799,101		_	182,755		(4,616,346)
35 Food Services			3,957,020		2,910,896	364,406		(681,718)
36 Extracurricular Activities			3,380,066		1,403,880	78,817		(1,897,369)
41 General Administration			2,165,367		, , , <u>.</u>	85,019		(2,080,348)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations			7,786,941		325,586	215,100		(7,246,255)
52 Security and Monitoring Services			445,260		´ -	27,892		(417,368)
53 Data Processing Services			2,431,527		-	134,149		(2,297,378)
61 Community Services			3,559		_	-		(3,559)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term De	ht		15,723,436		-	-		(15,723,436)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and F			669,710		-	_		(669,710)
81 Capital Outlay	003		-		-	2,831		2,831
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges			386,807		_	, <u>-</u>		(386,807)
· ·	T.	Φ.		•	5,105,413	\$ 6,204,810		(90,839,707)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMEN	1;	\$ ===	102,149,930	D	3,103,413	0,204,010		(30,032,707)
Data Control								
Codes	General Re	even	ues:					
	Taxes:			_				45 010 417
MT					for General Pu			45,010,417
DT		•	•		for Debt Servi	ice		19,235,111
SF			· Formula Gra					27,056,468
GC			l Contribution	ıs n	ot Restricted			366,575
IE	Investr	nen	t Earnings					442,160
MI	Miscel	lane	eous Local an	d Ir	ntermediate Rev	venue		6,192,493
TR	Total Ge	nera	ıl Revenues					98,303,224
CN			Change in N	let l	Position			7,463,517
NB	Net Position	on -	Beginning					(30,936,699)
NE	Net Position	on	Ending				\$	(23,473,182)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Conti			10	50		60
Code			General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Bond Const Windsong El
A	SSETS					
1110 1120 1220 1230	Investments - Current Property Taxes - Delinquent	\$	20,547,963 \$ 40,732,695 1,469,926	3,089,002 628,565		808,752 4,091,197
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		(8,783) 1,898,331	(3,756) 46,590		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	64,640,132 \$	4,166,361	\$	4,899,949
2110 2150	ABILITIES Accounts Payable Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	\$	- \$	-	\$	901,742
2160 2170	Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds		441,028 2,906,373	-		-
2180	Due to Other Governments Accrued Expenditures		777,447 12,687,568 56,004	- -		-
2300 2000	Unearned Revenues Total Liabilities		594,158	253,912		-
DF	EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		17,462,578	253,912		901,742
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		866,985	370,897		-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	866,985	370,897		-
FU 3450	ND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:					
3470 3480	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:		- -	- 3,541,552		3,998,207 -
510 525	Construction Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable		12,000,000	-		-
545 600	Other Committed Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance		7,895,000	-		-
000	Total Fund Balances	-	26,415,569 46,310,569	3,541,552		3,998,207
000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	64,640,132 \$	4,166,361 \$	S	4,899,949

60 Bond Const Prestwyck El		60 Bond Capital Purch	 Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$ 529,799 9,430,886	\$	465,795 23,544,663	\$ 3,419,699 9,631,288	\$	26,177,968 90,519,731
- -		-	- - 141,131		2,098,491 (12,539) 2,086,052
\$ 9,960,685	\$	24,010,458	\$ 13,192,118	\$	120,869,703
\$ 902,223	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$ -	\$	1,803,965 441,028
- - -		- - -	57,493 - -		2,963,866 777,447 12,687,568
-		-	 1,457 -	_	57,461 848,070
902,223		-	 58,950		19,579,405
 -	_	-	 m.		1,237,882
 -		-	 -	_	1,237,882
-		-	225,276		225,276
9,058,462 -		24,010,458	100		37,067,227 3,541,552
-		<u>-</u>	12,366,764		24,366,764 7,895,000
-		- -	541,028 -		541,028 26,415,569
 9,058,462		24,010,458	 13,133,168		100,052,416
\$ 9,960,685	\$	24,010,458	\$ 13,192,118	\$	120,869,703

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PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 100,052,416
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase(decrease) net position.	592,264
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$306,187,869 and the accumulated depreciation was \$67,479,032. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$310,019,722, and loans payable of \$8,460,000, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$655,688 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. In addition, Deferred Outflows of \$1,917,985, Deferred Inflows of \$2,046,818, and Net Pension Liability of \$6,691,068 related to TRS are not shown in the fund financial statements, but are shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), long-term debt in the governmental activities, and deferred inflows, deferred outflows, & net pension liability related to TRS, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(87,246,474
Current year capital outlays of \$45,711,842 and long-term debt principal payments of \$3,323,517 expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$643,871, amortization of bond premiums of \$852,140, and interest payable of \$102,244 are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	50,429,120
Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$7,193,218, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$1,013,616 and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$5,244,717. The net effect of these TRS amounts is to increase (decrease) net position.	(934,885
The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(10,625,134
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$1,237,882 revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$76,978,377, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net	(75,740,49
position.	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Cont	trol	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Bond Const Windsong El
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$ 50,620,446 29,561,648 279,364	\$ 21,103,969 327,893	\$ 9,820
5020	Total Revenues	80,461,458	21,431,862	9,826
	EXPENDITURES:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	21,131,002	
(Current:			
0011	Instruction	43,158,643		
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	950,706	-	-
0021	Instructional Leadership	2,250,257	-	-
0023	School Leadership	508,345	-	-
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	3,428,078	-	-
0033	Health Services	1,289,234	-	-
034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	543,019	-	-
035	Food Services	2,968,923	-	-
036	Extracurricular Activities	1 047 022	-	-
041	General Administration	1,947,832	-	-
051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,835,322	-	~
052	Security and Monitoring Services	6,373,516	-	-
053	Data Processing Services	437,509	-	-
061	Community Services	2,265,410	-	-
D	Debt Service:	3,559	-	-
071	Principal on Long Term Debt	565.000		
072	Interest on Long Term Debt	565,000	2,758,516	-
073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	235,825	16,881,379	-
	apital Outlay:	-	669,710	-
081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	450.545		
	tergovernmental:	469,217	-	17,265,137
)99	Other Intergovernmental Charges			
		386,807	-	
)30	Total Expenditures	69,617,202	20,309,605	17,265,137
100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	10,844,256	1,122,257	(17,255,311)
11	Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)			
15	Transfers In	-	1,571,387	19,698,009
16	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	-
11	Transfers Out (Use)	((0 ((0 0)	665,679	2,301,991
	` '	(6,966,221)	*	(746,482)
80	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,966,221)	2,237,066	21,253,518
	Net Change in Fund Balances	3,878,035	3,359,323	3,998,207
00	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	42,432,534	182,229	-
00	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 46,310,569 \$	3,541,552	3,998,207

60 Bond Const Prestwyck El		Ca	60 Bond apital Purch	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2	3,284	\$	44,769 - -	\$	4,474,778 985,434 1,509,939	\$ 76,277,072 30,874,975 1,789,303
2	23,284		44,769		6,970,151	108,941,350
	_		-		2,131,555	45,290,198
	-		_		, , , , <u>-</u>	950,700
	-		_		-	2,250,25
	-		-		-	508,345
	-		_		-	3,428,078
	-		-		663	1,289,89
	-		-		-	543,019
	-		-		290	2,969,213
	-		-		3,610,178	3,610,17
	-		-		1,071,298	3,019,130
	-		-		-	1,835,322
	-		-		-	6,373,510
	-		-		-	437,50
	-		-		-	2,265,410
	-		-		-	3,559
	-		-		-	3,323,510
	-		_		-	17,117,20
	-		-		-	669,71
16,96	64,822		3,345,063		6,042,555	44,086,79
	-		-		-	386,80
16,90	64,822		3,345,063		12,856,539	140,358,36
(16,94	11,538)		(3,300,294)	_	(5,886,388)	(31,417,018
23,2	79,465		24,174,828		-	68,723,68
	-		310,752		11,068,224	11,378,97
2,72	20,535		2,825,172		-	8,513,37
	-		-		(3,666,273)	(11,378,97
26,0	00,000		27,310,752		7,401,951	77,237,06
9,0	58,462		24,010,458		1,515,563	45,820,04
	-		-		11,617,605	54,232,36
\$ 9,0	58,462	\$	24,010,458	\$	13,133,168	\$ 100,052,41

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PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position. Current year capital outlays of \$45,711,842 and long-term debt principal payments of \$3,323,517 expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$643,871, amortization of bond premiums of \$852,140, and interest payable of \$102,244 are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of \$8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$1,577,437. Contributions made before the measurement date of \$8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year also caused a increase in the change in net position in the amount of \$1,577,437. Contributions made a form of \$1,577,437. Contributions made and the change in responsion expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense, which includes the District's share, adjustments & differences, and amortization of inflows & outflows, decreased the change in net position. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxe	Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 45,820,048
\$3,323,517 expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$643,871, amortization of bond premiums of \$852,140, and interest payable of \$102,244 are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position. The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$1,577,437. Contributions made before the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year also caused a increase in the change in net position in the amount of \$0. The District's proportionate share of TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense, which includes the District's share, adjustments & differences, and amortization of inflows & outflows, decreased the change in net position by \$2,512,322. The impact of all these is to increase (decrease) the change in net position. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$550,167 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$76,978,377, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term	self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	302,906
recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$1,577,437. Contributions made before the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year also caused a increase in the change in net position in the amount of \$0. The District's proportionate share of TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense, which includes the District's share, adjustments & differences, and amortization of inflows & outflows, decreased the change in net position by \$2,512,322. The impact of all these is to increase (decrease) the change in net position. Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$550,167 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$76,978,377, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	\$3,323,517 expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$643,871, amortization of bond premiums of \$852,140, and interest payable of \$102,244 are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year	50,429,126
require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$550,167 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$76,978,377, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$1,577,437. Contributions made before the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year also caused a increase in the change in net position in the amount of \$0. The District's proportionate share of TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense, which includes the District's share, adjustments & differences, and amortization of inflows & outflows, decreased the change in net position by	(934,885)
modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$550,167 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$76,978,377, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current years	(10,625,134)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 7,463,517	modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue by \$550,167 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying net bond proceeds of \$76,978,377, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net	(77,528,544)
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,463,517

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal	
ASSETS	Service Fund	
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 17,216	
Due from Other Funds	777,447	
Total Assets	794,663	
LIABILITIES	,	
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	202,399	
Total Liabilities	202,399	
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	592,264	
Total Net Position	\$ 592,264	

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 602,183
Total Operating Revenues	602,183
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Other Operating Costs	299,277
Total Operating Expenses	299,277
Operating Income	302,906
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	289,358
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 592,264

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Set vice I und
Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims Net Cash Used for Operating	\$ 300,341 (309,426)
Activities	(9,085)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(9,085)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	26,301
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 17,216
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
<u>Used for Operating Activities:</u> Operating Income:	\$ 302,906
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable Net Cash Used for Operating	(301,842) (10,149)
Activities	\$ (9,085)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

	Age Fu	-
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7	2,953
Total Assets	\$ 7	2,953
LIABILITIES Due to Student Groups	\$ 7	2,953
Total Liabilities	\$ 7	2,953

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Note A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Prosper Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69* of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of August 31, 2016, Prosper Independent School District retrospectively and prospectively applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary public education within the jurisdiction of Prosper Independent School District. The members of the Board of Trustees are elected by the public, have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District is not included in any other "governmental entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal governmental sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Prosper Independent School District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, state foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act Title I. If revenue is not program revenue, it is general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Property taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds, and between governmental funds and proprietary funds, appear as "due to & due from" on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position, and as "other resources & other uses" on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. All interfund transactions between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as "due to & due from" on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. Agency Funds apply the accrual basis of accounting, but do not have a measurement focus. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of

these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position

4. Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund — This governmental fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities

Debt Service Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met. It is considered major because its resources exceed 10% of the District's total resources.

Bond Construction Windsong Elementary Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for proceeds from bonds to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. It is considered major because its resources exceed 10% of the District's total resources.

Bond Construction Prestwyck Elementary Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for proceeds from bonds to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. It is considered major because its resources exceed 10% of the District's total resources.

Bond Capital Purchases Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for proceeds from bonds to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. It is considered major because its resources exceed 10% of the District's total resources.

Additionally, the District reports the following nonmajor fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

Special Revenue Funds — These governmental funds are established to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a Special Revenue Fund. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity of the various sources of funds.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program, (2) The General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures in excess of the National School Lunch Program, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – These governmental funds are established to account for proceeds from local sources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities.

Bond Construction – These governmental funds are established to account for proceeds from bonds to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Fund – This fund is established to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's Internal Service Fund is for Workers Compensation Self-Insurance.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds — These funds are established to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. The District's Agency Funds are for Student Activity Funds.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents in the Internal Service fund was \$17,216 as of August 31, 2016.

6. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

7. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The District purchases of supplies as expenditures. If any supplies are on hand at the end of the year, their cost is recorded as inventory and fund balance is reserved for the same amount.

8. Asset Capitalization and Useful Lives

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual unit cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	39-50
Building Improvements	15-40
Vehicles & Buses	5-10
Equipment	5-7

9. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of bonded debt issued plus the premiums/discounts received on the issuance of bonds are reported as other financing sources. The amounts of issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

11. Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB 54 and school board policy, the District is reporting its fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements in each of the following categories:

Non-spendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated with the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance - represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance.

As of August 31, 2016, the District's fund balances are classified as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Bond Construction Funds	Bond Capital Purchases	Other Governmental Funds	<u>Totals</u>
Restricted for: State & Federal Grants					\$225,276	\$225,276
Capital Projects			13,056,669	24,010,458	100	37,067,227
Debt Service		\$3,541,552				3,541,552
Committed for:	10 000 000				12,366,764	24,366,764
Construction	12,000,000				12,500,704	7,895,000
Retirement of Loans Payable	7,895,000				541.028	541,028
Campus Activity Funds					341,020	26,415,569
Unassigned	26,415,569	02 541 552	\$13,056,669	\$24,010,458	\$13,133,168	
Total Fund Balances	\$46,310,569	\$3,541,552	\$15,030,009	φ24,010,438	Ψ15,155,100	Ψ100,352,110

12. Functions

School Districts are required to report all expenses by function, except certain indirect expenses. General administration, data processing services, and other intergovernmental charges functions (data control codes 41, 53, and 99 respectively) include expenses that are indirect expenses of other functions. These indirect expenses are not allocated to other functions.

13. Restricted Assets

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

14. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

15. Risk Management - Claims and Judgments

In the normal course of operations, the District is exposed to risks of loss from a number of sources including fire and casualty losses, errors or omissions by board members and employees, and injuries to employees during the course of performing their duties. The District attempts to cover these losses by the purchase of insurance. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for property and liability programs. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the past three years.

Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2016, employees of the District were covered by a uniform statewide health care program for public education employees. The District contributed \$460 per month, depending on coverage elected by each employee, which includes \$75 per month which is reimbursed by the State of Texas, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay the remaining balance of the premium for employee coverage and/or dependents. All contributions/premiums were paid to the statewide health care program. The Plan was authorized by House Bill 3343 and is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS).

Workers Compensation Coverage

The District has entered into an agreement with the Texas Educational Insurance Association to self-fund their workers compensation plan. The agreement is administered by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the Workers Compensation Insurance Fund (the "Fund"), an internal service fund of the District. The District makes all contributions to the fund. Claims Administrative Services, Inc. obtained excess loss insurance, which limited annual claims paid from the entire fund for the year ended August 31, 2016, to \$225,000 for any individual participant.

Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported at August 31, 2016, are reflected as accounts and claims payable of the Fund. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the Fund as they become due.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year Ended August 31, 2016	Year Ended August 31, 2015
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$212,548	\$248,907
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	299,277	187,051
Claim payments	(309,426)	(223,410)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$202,399	\$212,548

16. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note B. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-2 is the inclusion of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability related to TRS at the beginning of the year. The details for these elements are as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the year	Historic Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Value at the Beginning of the Year	Change in Net Position
Land Buildings Equipment Vehicles Construction in Progress Change in Net Position Deferred Outflow related to TRS	\$12,930,006 232,633,488 26,417,584 13,360,006 20,846,785		11,880,693	\$238,708,837 \$1,917,985
Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning of the year			Payable at the Beginning of the year	
Bonds Payable Bond Interest Payable Loans Payable Change in Net Assets Net Pension Liability Deferred Inflow related to TRS			\$310,019,722 655,688 8,460,000	(\$319,135,410) (\$6,691,068) (\$2,046,818)
Net Adjustment to Net Position				(\$87,246,474)

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

Exhibit C-4 provides reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is the current year adjustments to deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability related to TRS. These adjustments affect both the net position balance and the change in net assets. The details of these adjustments are as follows:

Current Year Capital Outlay	Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Position	Adjustments to Net Position
Land	\$892,477		
Buildings & Improvements	20,853,821		
Equipment	5,738,768		
Vehicles	1,322,197		
Construction in Progress	16,904,579		
Total Capital Outlay	\$45,711,842	\$45,711,842	\$45,711,842
Deferred Ouflow related to TRS	\$5,244,717	\$5,244,717	\$5,244,717
Debt Service Payments			
Bond Principal	\$2,758,517		
Bond Interest Payable	(102,244)		
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	643,871		
Amortization of Bond Premiums	852,140		
Loan Principal	565,000		
Total Principal Payments	\$4,717,284	\$4,717,284	\$4,717,284
Net Pension Liability	(\$7,193,218)	(\$7,193,218)	
Deferred Inflow related to TRS	\$1,013,616	\$1,013,616	\$1,013,616
Total Adjustment to Net Position		\$49,494,241	\$49,494,241

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

Adjustments to Revenue and Unavailable Revenue	Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Position	Adjustments to Net Position
Net Property Tax Revenue Adjustment Reclassify Bond Proceeds	(\$550,167)	(\$550,167)	\$1,237,882
Reclassify Net Bond Proceeds to Bonds Payable Totals	(76,978,377)	(76,978,377) (\$77,528,544)	(76,978,377) (\$75,740,495)

Note C. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the governmental fund financial statements:

1. Prior to August 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

August 31, 2016 Fund Balance	
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service	\$225,276
Nonappropriated Budget Funds-Campus Activity Funds	541,028
All Special Revenue Funds	\$766,304

Note D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and it's agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas, (3) obligations of states, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less that "A"; (4) no load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally credit rating agencies or one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Prosper Independent School District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for Prosper Independent School District are specified below:

Credit Risk – To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District limits investments in certificates of deposits, no-load money market accounts, and public investment pools. As of August 31, 2016, the District's investments in public funds investment pools were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits – State law requires the District to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the

District and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial risk for deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments – To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk – To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, the District diversifies in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – To limit the risk of changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires invested instruments maturities do not exceed one year from the time of purchase except when a longer maturity may be specifically authorized by the Board for a given investment provided legal limits are not exceeded

Foreign Currency Risk – The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by not investing in foreign currency.

Fair Value Measurements:

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the below hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset.

Prosper Independent School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of August 31, 2016:

Cash & Cash Equivalents of \$116,787,868 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share or its equivalent.

Deposit Collateral Information

At August 31, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing savings accounts) was \$116,787,868, which includes Texpool Investment pool accounts of \$40,003,523, and Lone Star Investment pool accounts of \$44,061,026. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2016 and during the year ended August 31, 2016 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged deposit collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, or by letters of credit.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- a. Depository: Independent Bank, McKinney, Texas
- b. The highest combined balance of cash, savings, and time deposits accounts amounted to \$36,013,619 and occurred during the month of May 2016.
- c. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$37,500,000.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$750,000.

Note E. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected.

The assessed value of the tax roll on January 1, 2015, upon which the tax levy for the 2016 fiscal year was based, was \$3,847,037,610. The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2016 to finance general fund operations and the payment of principal & interest on general obligation bonds were \$1.17 and \$0.50 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.67 per \$100 valuation. Current year (including prior year delinquent) tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2016 were 107.93% of the tax levy.

Note F. Delinquent Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note G. Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables

Receivables at August 31, 2016, were as follows:

	Property <u>Due from Other</u> <u>Due from</u>				<u>Total</u>		
	Taxes	Governments	Other Funds	<u>Other</u>	<u>Receivables</u>		
Governmental Activities: General Fund	\$1,469,926	\$1,898,331	\$0	\$			
Debt Service Fund	628,565	46,590	0		0 675,155		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	141,131	0		0 141,131		
Total Governmental Activities	\$2,098,491	\$2,086,052	\$0	\$	0 \$4,184,543		
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$12,539	\$0	\$0	\$	0 \$12,539		

Payables at August 31, 2016, were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Accounts	Salaries & Benefits	Due to Other Funds	<u>Due to Other</u> <u>Governments</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Payables</u>
General Fund Bond Construction Funds	\$441,028 1,803,965	\$2,906,373 0	\$777,447	\$12,687,568	\$56,004	\$16,868,420
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Total Governmental Activities	0	57,493	0	0	0 1,457	1,803,965 58,950
Amounts not scheduled for collection	\$2,244,993	\$2,963,866	\$777,447	\$12,687,568	\$57,461	\$18,731,335
during the subsequent year	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Note H. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Land	\$12,930,006	\$892,477	\$0	\$13,822,483
Buildings & Improvements	232,633,488	20,853,821	0	253,487,309
Equipment	26,417,584	5,738,768	0	32,156,352
Vehicles	13,360,006	1,322,197	0	14,682,203
Consruction in Progress	20,846,785	16,904,579	0	37,751,364
Totals at Historical Cost	306,187,869	45,711,842	0	351,899,711
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(48,218,531)	(6,270,864)	0	(54,489,395)
Equipment	(14,536,891)	(2,941,189)	0	(17,478,080)
Vehicles	(4,723,610)	(1,413,081)	0	(6,136,691)
Total accumulated depreciation	(67,479,032)	(10,625,134)	0	(78,104,166)
Capital Assets, Net	\$238,708,837	\$35,086,708	\$0	\$273,795,545

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11 Instruction	
	\$5,435,108
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	92,121
13 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	276,362
21 Instructional Leadership	92,121
23 School Leadership	460,603
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	184,241
33 Health Services	92,121
34 Student (Pupil) Transporation	1,781,563
35 Food Services	460,603
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	368,482
41 General Administration	276,362
51 Plant Maintenance & Operations	829,085
53 Data Processing Services	276,362
Total Depreciation Expense	\$10,625,134

Note I. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended August 31, 2016, was as follows:

	Beginning	A dditions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Bulance	
General Obligation Bonds	\$270,181,147	\$68,465,000	(\$2,758,517)		\$2,587,050
Accumulated Accretion on CABs	9,482,208	1,144,261	(1,788,132)		
Unamortized Bond Premiums on CABs	11,729,475	0	(288,353)		
Unamortized Bond Premiums on GOBs	18,626,892	8,513,377	(563,787)		_
Toal Bonds Payable, Government-Wide	\$310,019,722	\$78,122,638	(\$5,398,789)		
Loans	8,460,000	0	(565,000)		575,000
Capital Leases	0	0	0	0	
Total Governmental Activities	\$318,479,722	\$78,122,638	(\$5,963,789)	\$390,638,571	\$3,162,050

Note J. Bonds Payable & Debt Service Requirements

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2016.

In the governmental fund financial statements, current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The proceeds from the sale of bonds are shown in the governmental fund financial statements as Other Resources and principal payments are shown as expenditures.

A summary of changes in bonds for the year ended August 31, 2016 is as follows:

Description Capital Appreciation Bonds-	Interest Rates Payable	Amounts of Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Beginning Amounts Outstanding 9/01/15	<u>Issued</u>	Retired	Ending Amounts Outstanding 8/31/16
Series 2002 Capital Appreciation Bonds-	5.13-5.72%	\$943,041	\$1,328,323	\$786,383	\$0	(\$131,677)	\$654,706
Series 2007	4.50-5.375%	909,976	633,007	554,740	0	(231,993)	322,747
Unlimited Tax Bldg Bonds- Series 2008	5.00%	102,310,000	872,506	17,995,000	0	(955,000)	17,040,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds- Series 2008	5.00%	410,657	2,115,154	59,265	0	(39,847)	19,418
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds- Series 2011	4.00%	7,995,000	319,800	7,995,000	0	0	7,995,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds- Series 2011	3.00-3.38%	96,165	0	96,165	0	0	96,165
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds- Series 2012	2.00-3.00%	6,615,000	181,300	6,615,000	0	(410,000)	6,205,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds- Series 2012	2.75-2.85%	1,799,594	0	1,799,594	0	0	1,799,594
Unltd Tax Bldg & Refunding Bonds-Series 2014	2.00-4.00%	32,180,000	1,233,438	32,180,000	0	(405,000)	tsuccióncus
Capital Appreciation Bonds- Series 2014	1.00%	55,000	0	55,000	0		31,775,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds- Series 2014	3.50-5.00%	43,480,000	1,974,050			0	55,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds- Series 2015		158,565,000	, ,	43,480,000	0	0	43,480,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds- Series 2016	2.00-5.00%		6,655,500	158,565,000	0	(585,000)	157,980,000
Total General Obligation	2.00-3.00%	68,465,000	1,568,301	0	68,465,000	0	68,465,000
Bonds Accumulated Accretion on		_	\$16,881,379	\$270,181,147	\$68,465,000	(\$2,758,517)	\$335,887,630
CABs Unamortized Bond Premiums				9,482,208	1,144,261	(1,788,132)	8,838,337
on CABs Unamortized Bond Premiums				11,729,475	0	(288,353)	11,441,122
on GOBs Government-Wide			_	18,626,892	8,513,377	(563,787)	26,576,482
Financials			=	\$310,019,722	\$78,122,638	(\$5,398,789)	\$382,743,571

A portion of the above bonds were capital appreciation bonds, commonly referred to as "premium compound interest bonds". These bonds were issued at a discount to their par or maturity value and will accrete interest until maturity. The accreted value equals the par value plus accreted interest plus the unamortized bond premium.

Summary information for the capital appreciation bonds is as follows:

Capital Appreciation Bonds Stated Value Accreted Value, 8/31/16 **Series** \$13,393,710 \$654,706 2002 \$1,332,716 \$322,747 2007 \$19,418 \$2,158,488 2008 1,966,148 96,165 2011 1,992,843 1,799,594 2012 383,183 55,000 2014

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	General Obligation Bonds				
Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total Requirements		
2017	\$2,642,050	\$18,426,443	\$21,068,493		
2018	6,660,710	15,495,084	22,155,794		
2019	6,910,770	15,241,824	22,152,594		
2020	6,440,887	15,712,941	22,153,828		
2021	6,668,334	15,484,229	22,152,563		
2022-2026	40,220,549	70,551,864	110,772,413		
2027-2031	52,819,330	57,946,354	110,765,684		
2032-2036	70,905,000	39,863,684	110,768,684		
2037-2041	89,145,000	21,628,744	110,773,744		
2042-Maturity	53,475,000	3,410,206	56,885,206		
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$335,887,630	\$273,761,373	\$609,649,003		

Note K. Long Term Notes and Capital Leases Payable

Long-Term Notes:

A summary of changes in long-term notes for the year ended August 31, 2016 is as follows:

Date of Issue/ Maturity	Purpose/Lawful Authority	Fund Payable From/Interest Rate	Current Year Interest	Beginning Balance	Amount Issued	Amount Retired	Ending Balance
09/13-08/28 Totals	Maintenance Tax/ TEC 45.108	General/2.00-5.00%	\$235,825 \$235,825	\$8,460,000 \$8,460,000	\$0 \$0	(\$565,000) (\$565,000)	

Debt service requirements for long-term notes are as follows:

	Long-Term No	<u>tes</u>	
Year Ending August 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total Requirements
2017	\$575,000	\$224,525	\$799,525
2018	585,000	213,025	798,025
2019	600,000	201,325	801,325
2020	610,000	189,325	799,325
2021	625,000	174,075	799,075
2022-2026	3,385,000	604,475	3,989,475
2027-Maturity	1,515,000	79,975	1,594,975
Totals	\$7,895,000	\$1,686,725	\$9,581,725

Capital Leases:

There were no capital leases outstanding during the year ended August 31, 2016.

Note L. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave Benefits

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State of Texas and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave does not vest, but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is used and paid.

A summary of changes in the accumulated sick leave and vacation leave liability follows:

	Sick Leave	Vacation Leave
Balance, September 1, 2015	\$0	\$0
Additions - New Entrants and Salary Increments	0	0
Deductions - Payments to Participants	0	0
Balance, August 31, 2016	\$0	\$0

Note M. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (TRS)

Plan Description. Prosper Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2015.

Net Pension Liability	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Position Net Pension Liability	163,887,375,172 (128,538,706,212) \$35,348,668,960
Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	78.43%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

	Contribution Rates	
	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Member	6.7%	7.2%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Prosper ISD FY2016 Employer Contribut Prosper ISD FY2016 Member Contribution	\$1,577,437 \$3,279,537	
Prosper ISD FY2015 NECE On-Behalf C	Contributions	\$1,976,648

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees, and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Asset Valuation Method Single Discount Rate Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return Inflation Salary Increases Including Inflation Payroll Growth Rate Benefit Changes During the Year	August 31, 2015 Individual Entry Age Normal Market Value 8.00% 8.00% 2.5% 3.5% to 9.5% 2.5% None
Ad hoc Employment Benefit Changes	None None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity			1100011
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%

0.1%
0.0%
0.1%
0.0%
,
0.0%
1.1%
0.2%
0.0%
2 #21
0.3%
2.2%
1.0%
8.7%

^{*} The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2015 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 21,754,059	\$ 13,884,286	\$ 7,329,254

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2016, Prosper Independent School District reported a liability of \$13,884,286 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Prosper Independent School District. The amount recognized by Prosper Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Prosper Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 13,884,286
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	23,590,050
Total	<u>\$ 37,474,336</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2014 thru August 31, 2015.

At August 31, 2015 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.000392781% which was an increase of 0.000142286% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

Economic Assumptions

- 1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- 2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- 3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- 4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

Mortality Assumptions

- 5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

- 8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- 9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- 10. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- 11. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- 12. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

13. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the measurement period ending August 31, 2015, Prosper Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$3,361,202 and revenue of \$3,361,202 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2016, Prosper Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 86,061	\$ 533,586
Changes in actuarial assumptions	361,714	495,330
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,885,592	0
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	3,251,898	4,286
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	1,577,437	0
Total	\$7,162,702	\$1,033,202

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2017	\$ 810,031
2018	810,031
2019	810,031
2020	1,321,297
2021	461,080
2022	339,593
Total	\$4,552,063

At August 31, 2016, the District reported Deferred Resource Outflows and Deferred Resource Inflows for the TRS pension plan as follows:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Total net amounts as of August 31, 2015 Measurement Date	\$5,585,265	\$1,033,202
Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date	1,577,437	
Reported by District as of August 31, 2016	\$7,162,702	\$1,033,202

Note N. School District Retiree Health Plan (TRS-Care)

Plan Description – Prosper Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides a health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The

Teacher Retirement System of Texas issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Funding Policy — Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectfully. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater that 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting optional coverage. Contribution rates and amounts are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2016-2014.

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts

	Member Contributions State Contri			ntributions]	District Contributions
Year	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount
2016	0.65%	\$296,069	1.000%	\$455,491	0.55%	\$250,520
2015	0.65%	\$254,617	1.000%	\$391,718	0.55%	\$215,445
2014	0.65%	\$225,154	1.000%	\$346,392	0.55%	\$190,515

Note O. Medicare Part D (TRS-Care)

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy — The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the completed report submissions by reporting entities for the month of May. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Prosper Independent School District's employees were \$173,647, \$160,099, and \$92,498, respectively for fiscal years ended August 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014.

Note P. Due from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2016, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

Fund General Fund Debt Service Funds Special Revenue Funds	State Entitlements \$1,883,336 40,222 21,198	Federal Grants \$0 0 119.933	Other Governments \$14,995 6,368	Totals \$1,898,331 46,590
Totals	\$1,944,756	\$119,933	\$21,363	141,131
=	\$ 2,30 1 13,750	Ψ117,733	\$21,303	\$2,086,052

Note Q. Due to Other Governments

As of August 31, 2016, the District had \$12,687,568 due to the Texas Education Agency for 2015-2016 state foundation aid overpaid. The Texas Education Agency will deduct this amount from 2016-2017 state funding.

Note R. Unearned Revenue & Unavailable Revenue

Unearned revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end. Unavailable revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is not expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end.

Unearned revenue and Unavailable revenue at August 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

Unearned Revenue:	General Fund	Special RevenueDebt ServiceFundFund		<u>Totals</u>	
Property Tax Revenue Total Unearned Revenue	\$594,158	\$0	\$253,912	\$848,070	
Unavailable Revenue:	\$594,158	\$0	\$253,912	\$848,070	
Property Tax Revenue	\$866,985	\$0	\$370,897	\$1,237,882	
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$866,985	\$0	\$370,897	\$1,237,882	

Note S. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation – The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of any lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly no provision for losses has been recorded.

Grant Programs – The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2016 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Construction – The District has total construction in progress of \$37,751,364 as of August 31, 2016 for construction of a two new elementary campuses. The total cost of the Windsong Elementary School project is projected to be \$20,349,825, the retainage payable as of August 31, 2016 was \$901,742, and the balance to finish is \$1,438,095. The total cost of the Prestwyck Elementary School project is projected to be \$20,944,123, the retainage payable as of August 31, 2016 was \$902,223, and the balance to finish is \$2,104,489.

Note T. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	<u>Capital Projects</u> Funds	Totals
Property Taxes	\$48,576,658	<u>runus</u> \$0	\$20,766,191	\$0	\$69,342,849
Penalties, Interest, & Other Tax	Ψ 10,5 7 0,05 0	7	, , ,		•
•	721,604	0	304,711	0	1,026,315
Related Income	,		33,067	128,917	442,460
Investment Income	280,476	0	33,007		•
Tuition	103,470	0	0	0	103,470
Rent	325,586	0	0	0	325,586
Gifts & Bequests	44,550	315,786	0	0	360,336
Food Service Sales	0	2,910,896	0	0	2,910,896
Athletics	206,822	0	0	0	206,822
Co-curricular	0	1,197,058	0	0	1,197,058
Other	361,280	0	0	0	361,280
Totals	\$50,620,446	\$4,423,740	\$21,103,969	\$128,917	\$76,277,072
Totals	\$50,620,446	\$4,423,740	\$21,103,969	\$128,917	\$70,277,072

Note U. Interfund Balances and Transfers In & Out

Interfund balances at August 31, 2016, consisted of the following amounts:

Due to Internal Service Fund from:

General Fund \$777,447

Total to Internal Service Fund from Other Funds \$777,447

Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 2016, consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfers to Capital Projects Fund from:

General Fund	\$6,966,221
Total Transfered to Capital Projets Fund from Other Funds	\$6,966,221
Transfers to Capital Projects Fund from:	Ψ0,700,221
Bond Construction Fund	\$746,482
Total Transfered to Capital Projects Fund from Other Funds	\$746,482
Transfers to Bond Construction Funds from:	
Bond Construction Funds	\$3,666,273
Total Transfered to Bond Construction Funds from Other Funds	\$3,666,273

Note V. Joint Ventures - Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in shared services arrangements for educational services, with other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Prosper Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

Note W. Subsequent Events

In reviewing its financial statements, management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through November 26, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control			Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual Amounts GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget
Code	es	Original Final							Positive or (Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700 5800 5900	State Program Revenues	\$	44,350,000 27,600,000 -	\$	48,492,965 32,931,222 285,001	\$	50,620,446 29,561,648 279,364	\$	2,127,481 (3,369,574) (5,637)
5020	Total Revenues		71,950,000		81,709,188		80,461,458		(1,247,730)
	EXPENDITURES:					_		_	(-, , ,
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		44,515,865		44,197,864		43,158,643		1.020.221
	Instructional Resources and Media Services		987,475		1,130,076		950,706		1,039,221
	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		2,079,660		2,446,662		2,250,257		179,370
0021	Instructional Leadership		499,800		649,801		508,345		196,405
0023	School Leadership		3,630,200		3,865,202		3,428,078		141,456
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,301,700		1,542,700		1,289,234		437,124
0033	Health Services		581,720		702,720		543,019		253,466 159,701
	Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,323,130		3,463,233		2,968,923		
	Extracurricular Activities		1,908,450		2,312,415		1,947,832		494,310 364,583
			1,760,000		2,057,990		1,835,322		222,668
	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		6,358,900		6,799,901		6,373,516		-
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		425,500		569,500		437,509		426,385 131,991
	Data Processing Services		2,410,600		2,654,901		2,265,410		389,491
	Community Services		2,110,000		19,200		3,559		15,641
	Debt Service:				17,200		3,339		13,041
	Principal on Long Term Debt				<i>ECE</i> 000		565,000		
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt		-		565,000		565,000		50.155
	Capital Outlay:		-		295,000		235,825		59,175
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		455,000		608,000		469,217		138,783
	Intergovernmental:		,		000,000		407,217		136,763
	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		301,550		151,550				151 550
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	'	341,250		511,250		386,807		151,550
	<u>-</u>								124,443
6030	Total Expenditures		70,880,800		74,542,965		69,617,202		4,925,763
1100	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,069,200		7,166,223		10,844,256		3,678,033
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		-		(6,966,221)		(6,966,221)		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		1,069,200		200,002		3,878,035		3,678,033
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		42,432,534		42,432,534		42,432,534		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	43,501,734	3	42,632,536	8	46,310,569	\$	3,678,033

EXHIBIT G-2

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

·	 2016	 2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.000392781%	0.000250495%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 13,884,286	\$ 6,691,068
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	23,590,050	18,462,762
Total	\$ 37,474,336	\$ 25,153,830
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 39,171,792	\$ 34,639,153
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	35.44%	19.32%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.43%	83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2015 for Year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016

	 2016	 2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,577,437	\$ 1,379,578
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	1,577,437	1,379,578
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 45,549,126	\$ 39,171,792
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.46%	3.52%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31, 2014 for Fiscal Year 2015 and August 31, 2015 for Fiscal Year 2016.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

Economic Assumptions

- 1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- 2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- 3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- 4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

Mortality Assumptions

- 5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- 7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

- 8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- 9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data		-	211		224		225
Contro	ol		ESEA I, A	IL	DEA - Part B		A - Part I
Codes			Improving		Formula	Р	reschool
		В	asic Program				
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(70,717)	\$	54,273	\$	_
1120	Investments - Current	·	-	•		Ψ	
1240	Receivables from Other Governments		75,394		-		· _
1000	Total Assets	\$	4,677	\$	54,273	\$	-
	LIABILITIES						
160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	4,263	\$	53,230	\$	_
200	Accrued Expenditures	•	414	*	1,043	Ψ	_
2000	Total Liabilities		4,677		54,273		-
	FUND BALANCES						
	Restricted Fund Balance:						
450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		_		_
470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		_		-		_
	Committed Fund Balance:						
510	Construction		_		_		_
545	Other Committed Fund Balance		_		-		_
000	Total Fund Balances	-	-		-		-
000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,677	\$	54,273	\$	_

 240 National	44 er and	ES	255 EA II, A	203				461 Campus	pus Nonmaj				
akfast and	nical -		ining and		glish Lang.	Plac	ement	Materials					Special
ch Program	Grant		ecruiting	A	equisition	Ince	ntives	A	lotment		Funds	Rev	enue Funds
\$ 215,433	\$ -	\$	(12,044)	\$	(22,652)	\$	-	\$	(21,198)	\$	541,028	\$	684,123
- 9,843	-		- 12,044		22,652		-		21,198		_		141,131
\$ 225,276	\$ _	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	541,028	\$	825,254
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57,493 1,457
 -	-		-		-		-		-		-		58,950
225,276	_		-		-		-		-		-		225,276
· -	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
_	-		-		_		-		-		-		_
-	-		-		-		-		-		541,028		541,028
 225,276	-		-		-		-				541,028		766,304
\$ 225,276	\$ 	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	541,028	\$	825,254

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2016

Data			670		671		672		680
Contro	ol		Local Capital		Local		Local		Local
Codes		Pr	Winds	ong Elem	Prest	wyck Ele		Land	
		F	und	Cons	truction	Cons	struction		Acquisition
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,	735,576	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
1120	Investments - Current		537,008	*	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	6,994,180
1240	Receivables from Other Governments	-,	-		-		_		0,994,100
1000	Total Assets	\$ 5,3	372,584	\$	•	\$	-	\$	6,994,180
	LIABILITIES								
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	
2200	Accrued Expenditures	*	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ф	-
2000	Total Liabilities				-				-
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		_		_		_		
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		_		-		_		-
	Committed Fund Balance:								-
3510	Construction	5,3	72,584		_		_		6,994,180
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	,	-		_		_		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	5.3	72,584						(004 100
									6,994,180
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 5,3	72,584	\$	-	\$	_	\$	6,994,180

ϵ	581		Total					
В	ond	Ŋ	Vonmajor					
Cons	truction	Go	vernmental					
2	014	Funds						
\$	-	\$	3,419,699					
	100		9,631,288					
	-		141,131					
\$	100	\$ 1	3,192,118					
\$	_	\$	57,493					
	-		1,457					
	-		58,950					
	-		225,276					
	100		100					
	_	1	12,366,764					
	-		541,028					
	100]	13,133,168					
		-						
\$	100	\$ 1	13,192,118					

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5900 Total Revenues 5900 Total Revenues 5900 EXPENDITURES:	224 IDEA - Part B Formula \$ -	225 IDEA - Part B Preschool
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 141,344 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:	\$ -	¢
EXPENDITURES:	956,636	4,038
	956,636	4,038
Current: 0011 Instruction 141,344 0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services - 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation - 0035 Food Services - 0036 Extracurricular Activities	955,683 663 290	4,038 - - -
Capital Outlay: 0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-
6030 Total Expenditures 141,344	956,636	4,038
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use)	- -	- -
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) -	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	pa .
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending) \$ -	\$ -	\$ -

240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program		244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant		Career and ESEA Technical - Trainin		255 263 A II, A Title III, A ting and English Lang. ruiting Acquisition		397 Advanced Placement Incentives		410 Instructional Materials Allotment		461 Campus Activity Funds		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
\$	3,226,682 11,735 351,130 3,589,547	\$	22,095 22,095	\$	12,044 12,044	\$	22,652 22,652	\$	1,800	\$	971,899 - 971,899	\$ 	1,197,058 - - 1,197,058	\$	4,423,740 985,434 1,509,939 6,919,113
	- - - 3,610,178		22,095		12,044		22,652		1,800 - - - -		971,899 - - - -		- - - 1,071,298		2,131,555 663 290 3,610,178 1,071,298
	3,610,178 (20,631)		- 22,095 -		12,044		22,652		1,800		971,899		- 1,071,298 125,760		- 6,813,984 105,129
			-		-		-		- - -		-				-
	(20,631) 245,907		-		-		-		-		-		125,760 415,268		105,129 661,175
\$	225,276	\$	•	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	_	\$	541,028	\$	766,304

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Contro Codes	.1		670 cal Capital Projects Fund	I Winds	671 Local Song Elem	672 Local Prestwyck Ele Construction			680 Local Land Acquisition
5700	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	22,074	\$		\$	-	\$	27,959
5800 5900	State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues		-		-		-		
5020	Total Revenues		22,074		-		-	_	27,959
	EXPENDITURES:							•	
	durrent:								
0011	Instruction		-		-		-		-
0031 0034	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		-		-		_		-
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services		-		-		-		-
0035	Extracurricular Activities		-		-		-		-
	apital Outlay:		-		-		-		-
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		1,009,104		198,417	3 3	221,848		_
6030	Total Expenditures		1,009,104		198,417		221,848	-	-
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(987,030)	-	(198,417)	(3,2	21,848)		27,959
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7915	Transfers In		-		746,482	3.2	21,848		6,966,221
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	(1,254,347)		101,174)	- ,	-		-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,254,347)		354,692)	3,2	21,848	-	6,966,221
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(2	2,241,377)	(1,	553,109)				6,994,180
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,613,961	1,	553,109		-		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 3	5,372,584	\$	-	\$	•	\$	6,994,180

	681		Total
	Bond	Ì	Nonmajor
Con	struction	Go	vernmental
	2014		Funds
\$	1,005	\$	4,474,778
Ф	1,005	Ф	985,434
	-		1,509,939
	1,005		6,970,151
		-	
	_		2,131,555
	-		663
	-		290
	-		3,610,178
	-		1,071,298
	1,613,186		6,042,555
	1,613,186		12,856,539
(1	1,612,181)		(5,886,388)
	133,673		11,068,224
	(310,752)		(3,666,273)
	(177,079)		7,401,951
(1,789,260)		1,515,563
	1,789,360		11,617,605
\$	100	\$	13,133,168

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REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

	(1)	(2)	(3)			
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Assessed/Appraised Value for School				
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
2007 and prior years	\$ 1.370000	\$ 0.430000	\$ 1,081,536,032			
008	1.170000	0.500000	1,434,665,646			
009	1.170000	0.500000	1,675,961,186			
010	1.150000	0.490000	1,703,341,587			
011	1.130000	0.500000	1,764,422,282			
012	1.170000	0.500000	1,899,775,096			
013	1.170000	0.500000	2,086,279,588			
014	1.170000	0.500000	2,448,157,409			
015	1.170000	0.500000	3,024,461,700			
016 (School year under audit)	1.170000	0.500000	3,847,037,610			
000 TOTALS						

	(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2015	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2016
\$	36,288	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (8,468)	\$ 27,820
	14,520	-	-	-	-	14,520
	24,299	-	1	-	-	24,298
	87,521	-	77,260	32,920	44,284	21,625
	316,592	-	464,949	205,730	622,361	268,274
	263,006	-	563,379	240,760	809,307	268,174
	245,885	-	568,175	242,810	841,242	276,142
	305,646	-	657,229	280,867	915,017	282,567
	531,571	-	1,504,264	642,848	2,146,741	531,200
	-	64,245,528	44,741,401	19,120,256	-	383,871
 \$	1,825,328	\$ 64,245,528	\$ 48,576,658	\$ 20,766,191	\$ 5,370,484	\$ 2,098,491

EXHIBIT J-2

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
		Original		Final			(Negative)		
5700 5800 5900	State Program Revenues	\$	2,860,000 15,000 275,000	\$	3,310,000 15,000 363,670	·	226,682 11,735 351,130	\$	(83,318) (3,265) (12,540)
5020	Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		3,150,000		3,688,670	3,	589,547	_	(99,123)
0035	Food Services		2,700,000		3,688,670	3,	510,178		78,492
6030	Total Expenditures		2,700,000		3,688,670	3,0	510,178		78,492
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		450,000		-	,	(20,631)		(20,631)
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	****	245,907		245,907		245,907		-
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	695,907	\$	245,907	\$ 2	225,276	\$	(20,631)

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	Codes		Original		Final			(Negative)	
	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues	\$	18,700,000 950,000	\$	20,313,405 300,000	\$	21,103,969 327,893	\$	790,564 27,893
5020	Total Revenues		19,650,000		20,613,405		21,431,862		818,457
	EXPENDITURES:								
0071 0072 0073	Debt Service: Principal on Long Term Debt Interest on Long Term Debt Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		2,758,517 15,308,078 5,000		2,758,517 16,881,381 670,679		2,758,516 16,881,379 669,710		1 2 969
6030	Total Expenditures		18,071,595		20,310,577		20,309,605	,	972
1100	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,578,405		302,828	_	1,122,257		819,429
7911 7916	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds) Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		- -		1,571,387 665,679		1,571,387 665,679		- -
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		2,237,066		2,237,066		-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		1,578,405		2,539,894		3,359,323 182,229		819,429
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		182,229		182,229		102,227		
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	1,760,634	\$	2,722,123	\$	3,541,552	\$	819,429

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158

Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Prosper Independent School District 605 East 7th Street Prosper, Texas 75078

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Prosper Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Prosper Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Prosper Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Moyar, Davis, & Couply, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

November 26, 2016

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Prosper Independent School District 605 East 7th Street Prosper, Texas 75078

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Prosper Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Prosper Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016. Prosper Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Prosper Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Prosper Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Prosper Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Prosper Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Prosper Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Prosper Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program

to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Prosper Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

We have audited the financial statements of Prosper Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated November 26, 2016, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Margan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas

November 26, 2016

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

Summary of Auditor's Results:

The type of report we issued on whether the financial statements of Prosper Independent School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP as an unmodified opinion.

With respect to internal control over financial reporting, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

We noted no noncompliance material to the financial statements,

With respect to internal control over major federal programs, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

The type of report we issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.

We disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

We identified the following major programs:

Special Education Cluster IDEA Part B, Formula, CFDA # 84.027 IDEA Part B, Preschool, CFDA # 84.173

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

The auditee does qualify as a low risk auditee.

Financial Statements Findings:

There are no findings related to financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

There are no findings or questioned costs related to federal awards which are required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no prior audit findings which required corrective action.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no corrective actions necessary for the year ended August 31, 2016.

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

(1)	(2)	(3)		(4)	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through			
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal Expenditures		
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	16610101057950 17610101057950	\$	136,667 4,677	
Total CFDA Number 84.010A				141,344	
*IDEA - Part B, Formula *IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.027 84.173	16660001043912 16661001043912		956,636 4,038	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				960,674	
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	1691001057950		22,095	
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A 84.367A	16681001057950 16694501057950		22,652 12,044	
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training Total Passed Through State Department of Education	04.307A	10074301037730	\$	1,158,809	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			\$	1,158,809	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
State Energy Program	81.041	CM1605	\$	208,501	
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			\$	208,501	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			\$	208,501	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture					
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	16-043912	\$	45,512 220,356	
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	16-043912 16-043912		85,262	
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance Total CFDA Number 10.555	10.555	10-043712		305,618	
			-	351,130	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster					
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture	e		\$	351,130	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			\$	351,130	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	1,718,440	

*Clustered Programs

PROSPER INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2016

- 1. For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance is generally accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund that is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred expenditures until earned.
- 3. The District participates in numerous Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, in any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2016, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The General Fund had E-rate program revenue of \$70,863 that is not considered federal financial assistance and is not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.